

Effectiveness of Multimodal imaging for the Evaluation of Retinal oedema And new vesseLs in Diabetic Retinopathy (EMERALD).

Chief Investigator: Professor Noemi Lois

Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit (NICTU)



Study Design & Setting



- Prospective, case-referent cross-sectional diagnostic study
- Sponsor: Belfast Health & Social Care Trust
- Funder: National Institute for Health Research HTA Programme
- Target sample size of 416 patients
- 30 months duration



Study Sites

PI	Site
NORTHERN IRELAND	
Noemi Lois	Belfast Health and Social Care Trust
ENGLAND	
Clare Bailey	Bristol
Faruque Ghanchi	Bradford
Geeta Menon	Frimley Park
Peter Scanlon	Gloucestershire
Haralabos Eleftheriadis	Kings College
Konstantinos Balaskas	Manchester
Sobha Sivaprasad	Moorfields
Samia Fatum	Oxford
Nachi Acharya	Sheffield
David Steel	Sunderland
Ahmed Saad	South Tees
SCOTLAND	
Caroline Styles	Fife





Rationale



- High numbers of patients in the UK with DMO and PDR.
- Patients require long-term follow-up and frequent visits.
- Constant increase workload in Hospital Eye Services related to DMO/PDR, made worse by increasing number of people with diabetes.
- Shortage of ophthalmologists.



"Capacity" does not meet "demand"

Need to identify new avenues to increase the efficiency of the NHS without compromising quality of care.

Plan



- To determine whether patients previously successfully treated for DMO/PDR could be followed through a new care pathway that does not involve a face-to-face examination by an ophthalmologist.
- The new proposed care pathway includes multimodal retinal imaging and separate image assessment by trained ophthalmic graders.
- The new pathway will be compared to the current standard care pathway:
 - For DMO: Ophthalmologist evaluating patients in clinic by slitlamp biomicroscopy and with access to OCT images
 - For PDR ophthalmologists evaluating patients in clinic by slitlamp biomicroscopy.

Study Aim



To determine the diagnostic performance and costeffectiveness of a new form of surveillance for people with stable DMO and/or PDR, using the current standard of care as the reference standard.



Outcome Measures



Primary Outcome Measures

• Sensitivity of the new pathway in detecting active DMO/PDR, using the standard care pathway as the reference standard.

Secondary Outcomes

- Specificity and concordance between new pathway and standard care pathway, positive and negative likelihood ratios
- Cost-effectiveness
- Acceptability
- Proportion of patients requiring full clinical assessment
- Proportion of patients unable to undergo imaging, with inadequate quality images or indeterminate findings.



Inclusion Criteria



Adults (18 years or older) with type 1 or 2 diabetes with previously successfully treated DMO and/or PDR in one or both eyes and in whom, at the time of enrolment in the study, DMO and/or PDR may be active or inactive.

"Previously successfully treated" = in the past, had treatment and the disease became inactive not requiring any more treatment

Patient may enter the study with one eye or with both eyes



Inclusion Criteria

<u>Active DMO</u> is defined as a central subfield retinal thickness (CRT) of ≥ 300 microns due to DMO and/or presence of intraretinal/subretinal fluid due to DMO on spectral domain OCT.



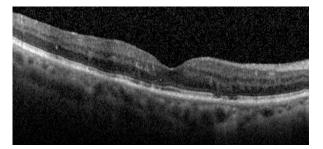
Jote: isolated or sparse small intraretinal cysts are not a criteria supporting active DMO if

Note: isolated or sparse small intraretinal cysts are not a criteria supporting active DMO if none of the criteria for active DMO defined above are met.

Inactive DMO (No DMO) I



Inactive DMO no intraretinal/subretinal fluid.





Exclusion Criteria



- 1. Unable to provide informed consent.
- 2. Unable to speak, read or understand English.



Co - Enrolment



- Patients enrolled in observational studies are potential candidates for this trial.
- This is at the Principal Investigator's (PI) discretion and should be considered when the burden on participants is not expected to be onerous.
- Co-enrolment with other studies should be documented in the Case Report Form (CRF).



Study Flow Chart - Patients

Patient attends normal clinic appointment and undergoes

1) Visual acuity testing

2) OCT



Ophthalmologist evaluates the patient and determines whether DMO/PDR is active or inactive:

REFERENCE STANDARD

Then confirms eligibility for EMERALD

Informed consent is obtained for:

- 1) Main study
- 2) Focus groups

Excluded: Reasons for exclusion should be documented (potential difficulty with imaging patient or nonclear media should not be reasons for exclusion)

Patient completes questionnaires (EQ-5D, Vis-QOL, VFQ-25) and undergoes 7 field ETDRS fundus imaging and wide angle fundus imaging

For most patients this is the end of their involvement in the study. Some patients will be contacted at a later date to attend focus group discussions.



Study Flow Chart – Grading



7 field ETDRS, wide angle images and OCT scans will be anonymised and uploaded to CARF website.

CARF will assign anonymous images to folders and assign folders to research sites

Each research site will receive images (none from their own site) to maintain masking – graders will not receive more than one imaging modality to read from the same patient

Graders will read images and fill in corresponding CRF

Graders/imaging technicians/PIs will be contacted at a later date to attend focus group discussions.

PIs at each site will also read 7 field ETDRS images and wide angle images assigned to them to determine the "ENHANCED" REFERENCE STANDARD

Graders/imaging technician's /PIs consent obtained for focus group discussions

Enhanced Reference Standard



- Reference standard for PDR: Ophthalmologist evaluating patients in clinic by slit-lamp biomicroscopy (i.e., standard care) Will be used for the main analysis.
- It is possible that new vessels may not be seen by the ophthalmologist evaluating the patient by the slit-lamp biomicroscopy but could be detected in a fundus photograph.
- To determine the impact of this potential event EMERALD will evaluate also an "enhanced" reference standard: Ophthalmologist assessment (examination by slitlamp biomicroscopy) + evaluation of the fundus images (7 field ETDRS / wide angle fundus images) done by an ophthalmologist
- If either, the slit-lamp biomicroscopy, the 7 field ETDRS fundus images or the wide angle fundus images detect active PDR, the patient will be considered to have "active" PDR under this "enhanced" reference standard.
- PDR status based upon the enhanced reference standard will be used in a sensitivity analysis of the new pathway's diagnostic accuracy.



OCT, ETDRS & Wide Angle Imaging and Grading Guideline

- Photographers and graders will be trained and must sign training log
- Training taking place at this investigator's meeting and can be supplemented on-line (EMERALD website)

Questionnaires



- 1) **NEI VFQ-25:** A vision specific patient reported quality of life tool containing 25 questions
- 2) **VisQol**: A vision specific patient reported quality of life tool containing 6 questions
- 3) **EQ-5D-5L:** A health related patient reported quality of life tool containing 5 questions to generate utility data

To be filled in by the patient at their appointment before (or after, if preferred) ETDRS 7 fields and Wide angle imaging.





Focus Groups - Assessment of the acceptability of the new care pathway

- Acceptability of the new pathway will be evaluated through the undertaking of a qualitative assessment through focus group discussions.
- If patients agree to take part, informed consent will be obtained at clinic visit.
- Patients will be contacted at a later date with a date and location of the focus group discussion meeting

IMPORTANT TO INFORM AND RECRUIT AS MANY PATIENTS ELIGIBLE FOR EMERALD AS POSSIBLE FOR THE FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSIONS TO ASSURE WE WILL REACH NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS REQUIRED FOR THE FOCUS GROUPS



Focus Groups – Health Care Professionals

- EMERALD will also examine the acceptability of the new pathway to health professionals.
- A small number of focus groups (n=4) will be conducted involving photographer/imaging technicians/graders and ophthalmologists
- All will be recruited from staff at participating study sites.
- Informed consent required <u>To determine who can get informed consent from the PIs</u>



Cost Effectiveness 2

Key diagnostic parameters

- Sensitivity not missing disease that should be treated
- Specificity avoiding false positives

Sensitivity takes priority



- Poor sensitivity could result in visual loss
- Poor specificity just means ophthalmologists see more patients
- But a "poor" specificity may still result in significant savings in ophthalmologist time



Retinal Imaging

Steve Aldington

Retinal Research & Professional Development Manager Gloucestershire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust





Imaging / grading process overview



- We need three different types of images for all patients:
 - Spectralis OCT in one or both eyes depending on whether one or both eyes eligible: Considered to be 'Standard Care'
 - Full-colour 7-field modified ETDRS non-stereo 35° to 40° in one or both eyes depending on whether one or both eyes eligible study specific
 - Optos wide-angle 3-field in one or both eyes depending on whether one or both eyes eligible study specific
- Images and scans to be captured only by staff authorised on the delegation log
- Images and scans uploaded to CARF Belfast for confirmation / anonymization
- CARF allocates each imaging modality for a patient to other clinical sites' reading lists
- Site grading staff will have one 'Reading List' assigned to them (OCT, 7F & 3F)
- Ophthalmologists will be grading 7F, 3F for the enhanced reference standard



7-field 'modified ETDRS'



We have provided two different field-layout diagrams:

- On the 7F Grading form it shows for circular image Zeiss-type cameras
- In the 7F Imaging protocol it shows for cut-off images from Topcon-type cameras

Both versions are actually correct, to achieve about the same retinal coverage

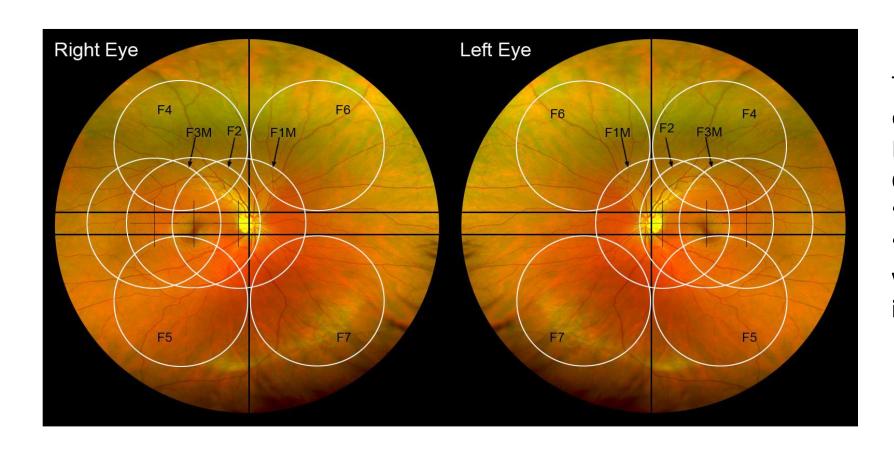
To avoid any confusion, if you are using a camera producing:

- circular 35° or 40° images position the optic disc OUTSIDE the field of view
- cut-off 35° or 40° images position the optic disc just WITHIN the field of view



7-field 'modified ETDRS' - Zeiss etc.





These are the original circular image 'Modified ETDRS' positions.

Optic disc would be 'below' F4 and F6 and 'above' F5 and F7 in viewfinder and final image



7-field 'modified ETDRS' - Zeiss etc.

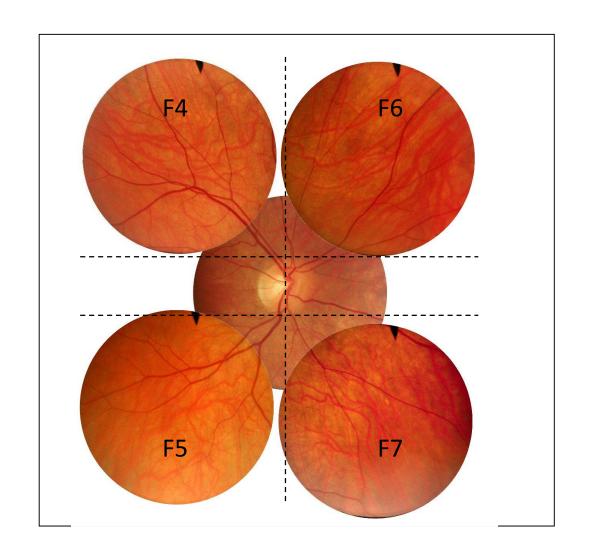


- F1 (disc-centred) disc in the centre of field of view
- F2 (fovea-centred) actually position the fovea about $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ DD temporally
- F3 (temporal) position the fovea ½ way between optic disc and field centre
- F4 (superior temporal) disc is positioned outside bottom centre of view before the final horizontal movement to F4 (disc must not be visible in the final image)
- F5 (inferior temporal) disc is positioned outside top centre edge of view...
- F6 (superior nasal) disc is positioned outside bottom centre edge of view ...
- F7 (inferior nasal) disc is positioned outside top centre edge of view ...
- Don't forget the fundus reflex image!



7-field 'modified ETDRS' - Zeiss etc.





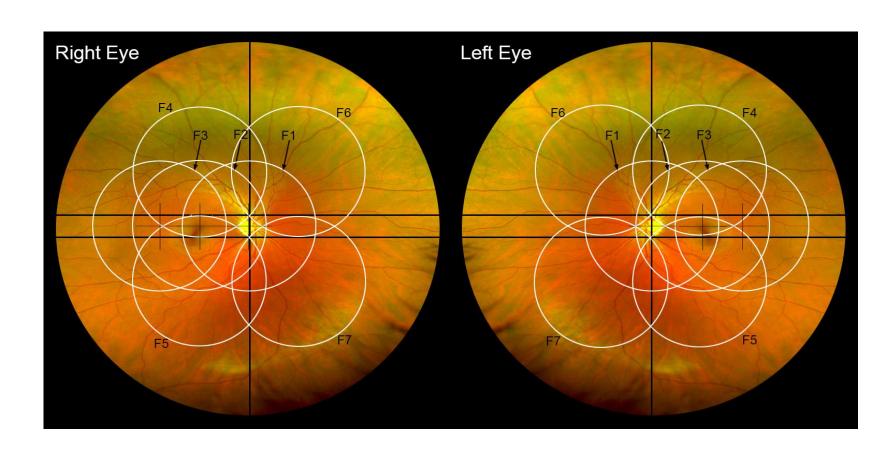
These are the four peripheral fields when producing circular images.

Optic disc would be 'below' F4 and F6 and 'above' F5 and F7 in viewfinder and final image



7-field 'modified ETDRS' - Topcon etc.





These are field positions for cameras which cut off top and bottom: F1, 2 and 3 are identical F4 and F6 are lower F5 and F7 are higher Optic disc would be 'within' the viewfinder before horizontal positioning for F4, F5, F6 and F7 But not in the image



7-field 'modified ETDRS' – Topcon etc.

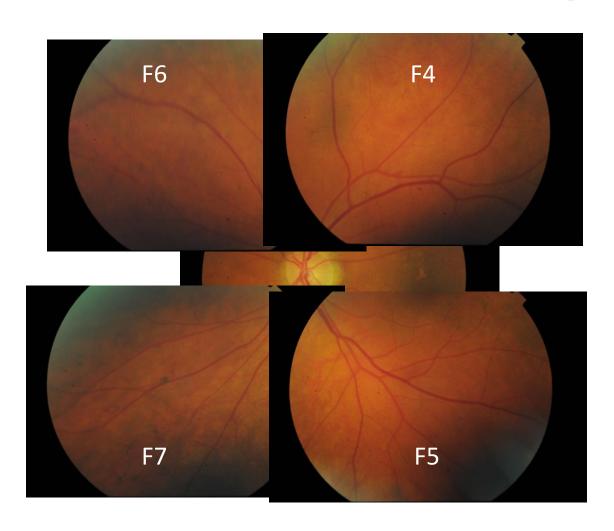


- F1 (disc-centred) disc in the centre of field of view
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- F4 (superior temporal) disc is positioned at bottom centre edge of view before the final horizontal movement to F4 (disc must not be visible in the final image)
- F5 (inferior temporal) disc is positioned outside top centre edge of view ...
- F6 (superior nasal) disc is positioned outside bottom centre edge of view ...
- F7 (inferior nasal) disc is positioned outside top centre edge of view ...
- Don't forget the fundus reflex image!



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Image quality of 7F images



Site staff who will be reading the images will also assess overall quality

We recognise that 7F imaging may be new to many people. There no chances for repeat imaging, so please try to get the fields correct first time

Please ensure however that every field is in focus

This is important for all fields but absolutely essential for F1 and F2

If you are not happy with an image or field, work with your patient to get extra images whilst the session is taking place. Submit only the best.



Export of 7F images



Export of the 7F images is totally manufacturer-dependent.

The EMERALD 7-field imaging guideline provides details of procedures required for export from the camera systems that sites have reported they may use:

Topcon ImageNet

Topcon iBase

Zeiss Visupac

OIS Winstation

Canon Eyecap



3-field wide angle images from Optos



The Optos instruments produce nominal 200° ultra wide-angle images

Each site will already be regular users of one of these or, if you have only recently been supplied with one, will need to get some practice in as soon as possible

The Optos uses lasers to produce 'composite' colour retinal images:

Green laser - 'red free' retina and autofluorescence

Red laser - deeper retinal structures

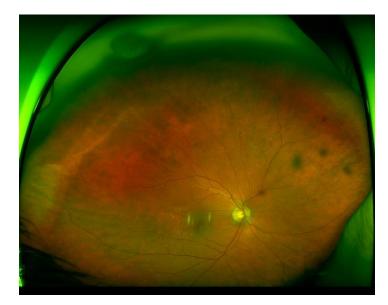
IR laser - choroid



3-field Optos wide-angle



We need 3 retinal fields in composite colour: Superior, Central and Inferior



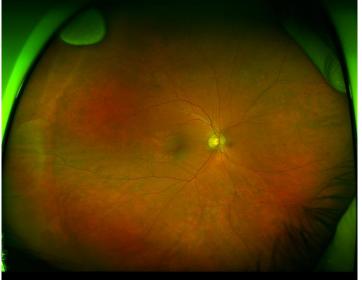






Image quality of 3F images



Site staff who will be reading the images will also assess overall quality

We recognise that Optos 3F imaging may be new to many people. There no chances for repeat imaging, so please try to get the fields correct first time

We don't really need to worry too much about focus but fields are difficult

You will need to move the patient's chin up and down and even rotate the patient's head slightly to get the correct fields

For the superior and inferior fields – unlikely you will go 'too far' up or down!

Hold the lids and try to avoid artefacts. Submit only the best



Export of 3F images



All Optos 3-field images must be exported in DICOM format.

The patient's identity must be anonymized within the Optos <u>prior to</u> <u>export</u> of the DICOM files and subsequent submission to CARF

Optos instruments use two possible review platforms:

V² Vantage Pro

Optos Advance

Details of the required procedures for both of these are provided in the 3-field imaging guideline



Spectralis OCT scans



The pathway of standard care, especially for DMO patients, includes OCT scans

We are asking sites to use the following Spectralis scan capture procedure when imaging <u>all</u> EMERALD patients:

Pre-set volume scan P-Pole:

high speed, 30x25°, 61 lines, 120μm separation

Please ensure all eligible eyes are scanned on all patients



Export of OCT scans



The patient's identity must be anonymized within the Spectralis <u>prior to export</u> of the E2E file and submission to CARF.

- Create a desktop folder into which files can be exported
- Use folder name format: "SiteID_SubjectID_DateofVisit"
 So: 20_1234_26Jan2012 (NB: use DDMMMYYYY please)
- Select patient to be exported, double-click on name to load scans
- Select the scans you need right click on scans to Export/as E2E
- Send the E2E file to the folder above and complete the data fields



Submission of images/scans to CARF



The Central Angiographic Reading Centre (CARF), Queen's University Belfast are acting as the repository and re-provider of all retinal images and scans

They are <u>not</u> reading any scans or images – you are!

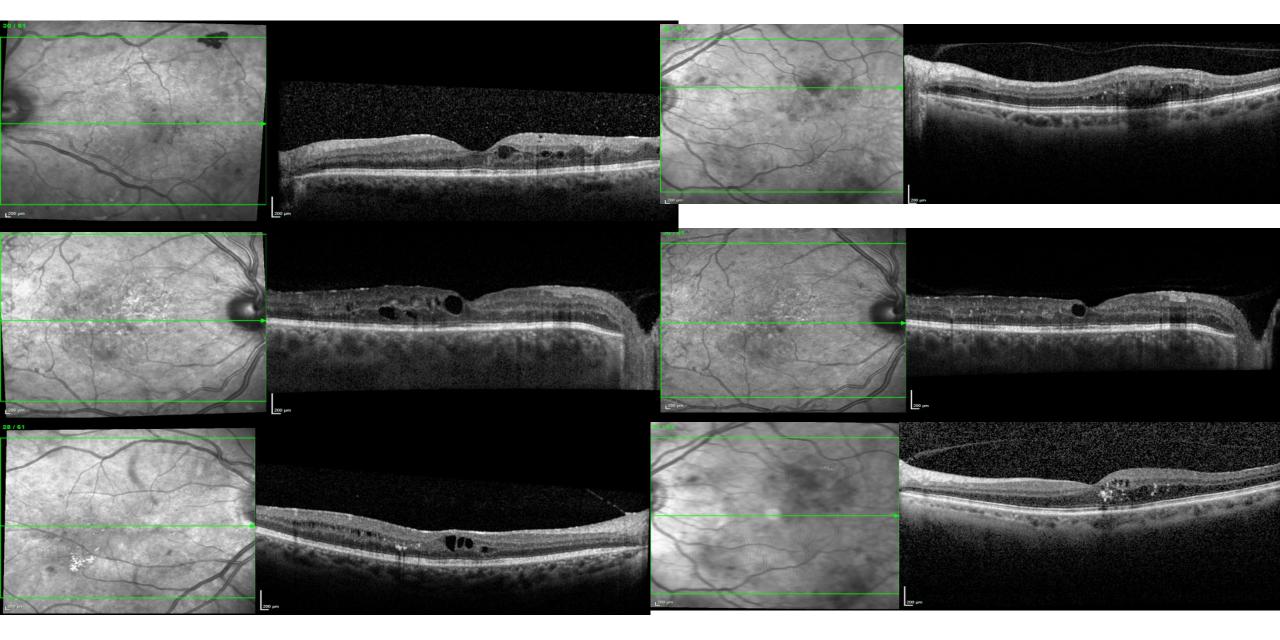
All 7F and 3F images and the OCT scans are (ideally) to be uploaded via secure FTP to CARF within **7 days** of image capture please, using the procedures detailed in the trial manuals and protocols. If you cannot use this method for any reason – please contact CARF directly

Every submission to CARF must be accompanied by an emailed Transmittal Log to let CARF know that images have been transferred and what to expect

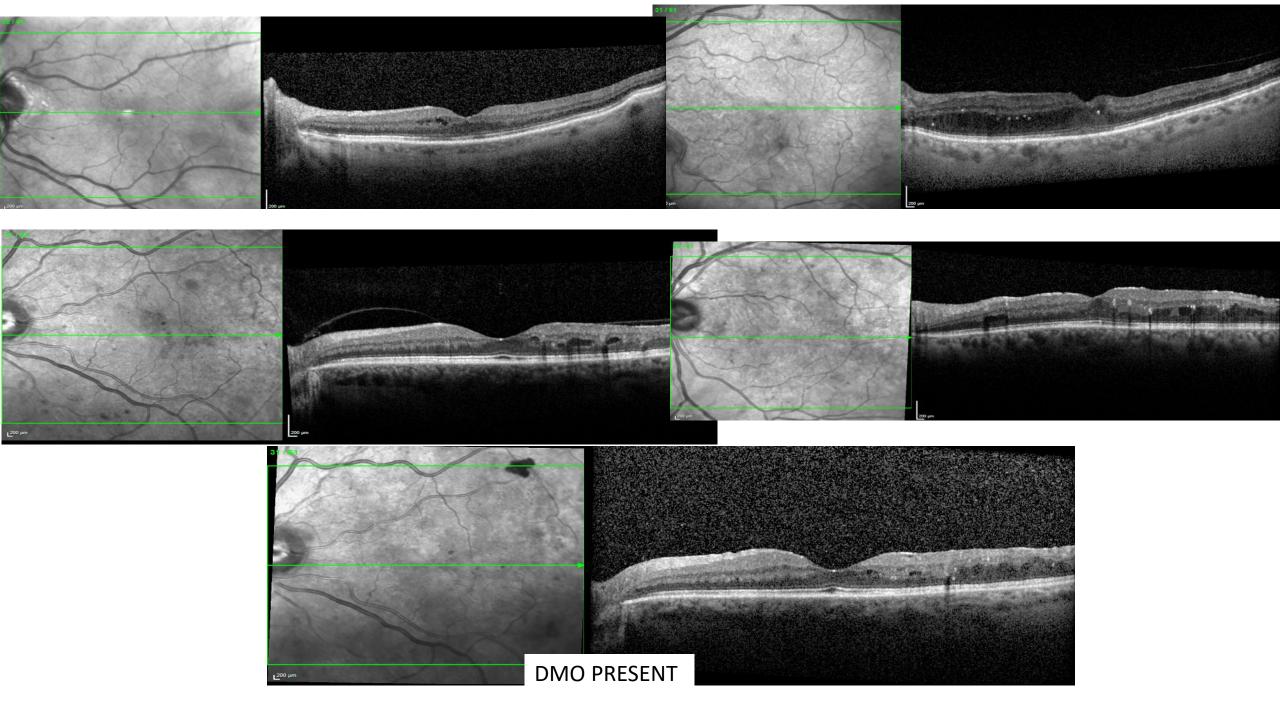


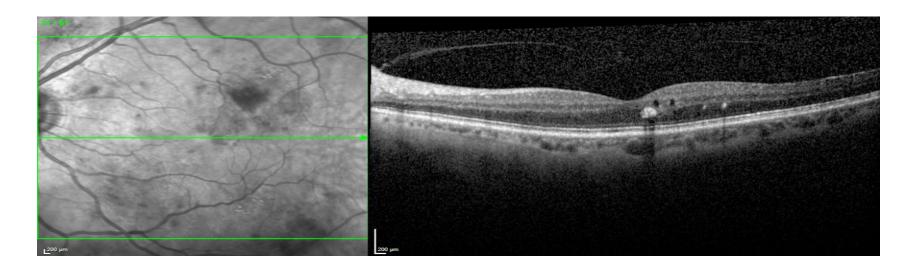


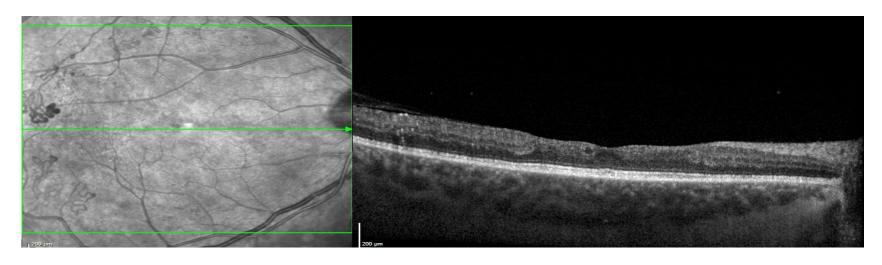
Case Reviews



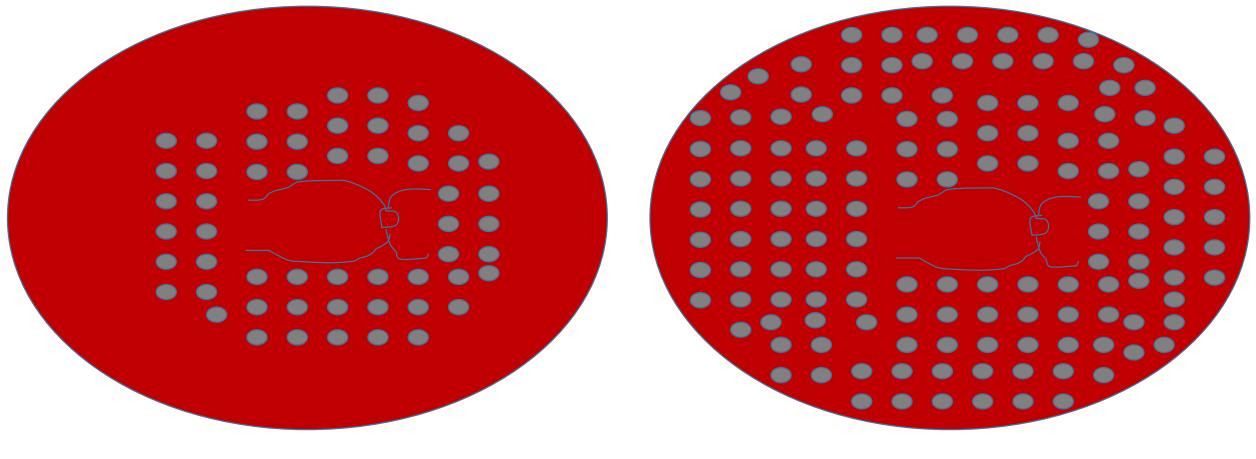
DMO PRESENT







DMO ABSENT

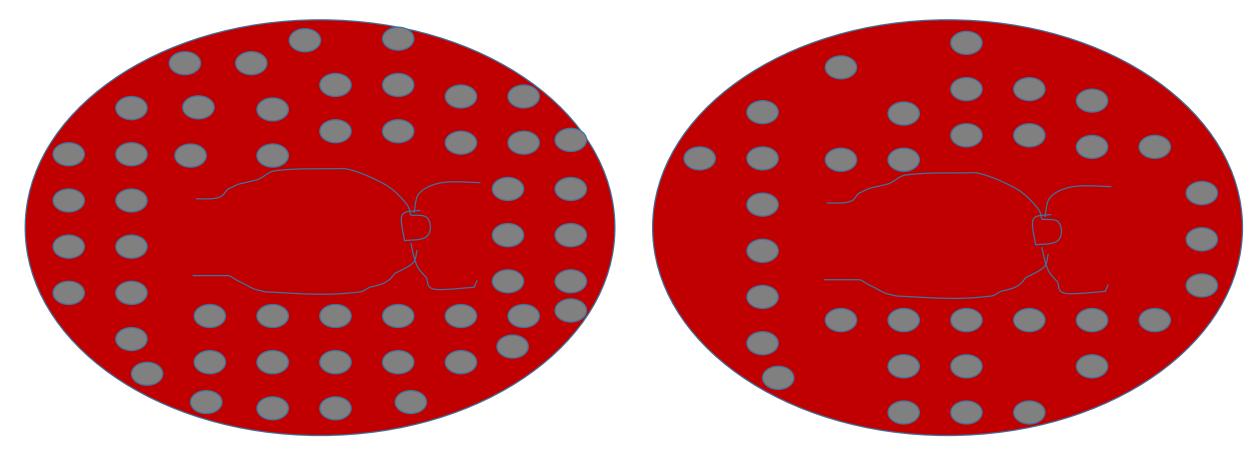


INCOMPLETE PRP

COMPLETE PRP



If full PRP and fine NVD or NVE and No pre-retinal (subhyaloid) or vitreous haemorrhage: PDR INACTIVE

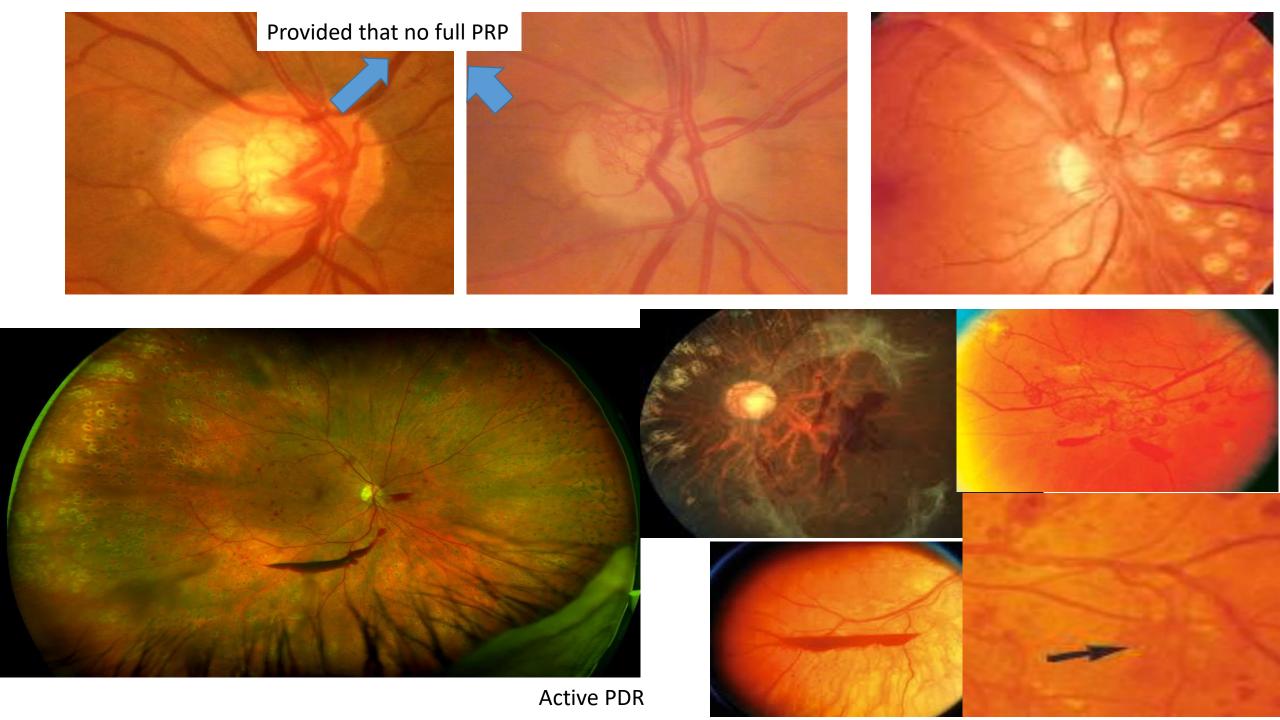


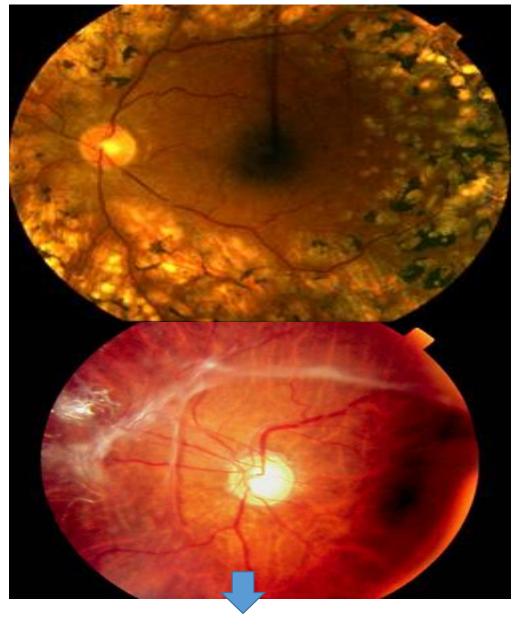
COMPLETE PRP as seen with 7 fields ETDRS

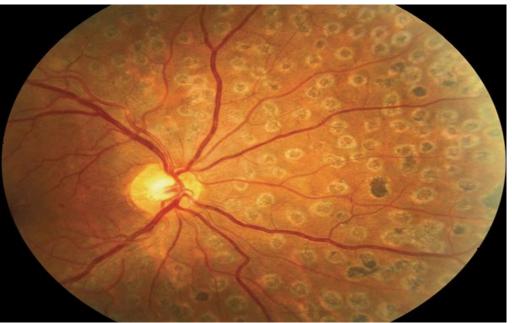


(If full PRP (like drawn) and fine NVD or NVE and no preretinal (subhyaloid) or vitreous haemorrhage, PDR can be considered INACTIVE

INCOMPLETE PRP







If PRP present: Inactive

Inactive PDR



Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit:

Overview of processes and procedures





Screening & Recruitment



Potential patients identified through:

- Patient electronic databases
- Referral letter
- At their routine clinical appointment
- At A&E

If identified via electronic database or letter of referral, potential participants may be approached via telephone or invitation letter

- post out patient information sheet
- minimum of 24 hours to decide whether or not to participate

Identified at clinic

- PIS provided
- patient can agree to participate on the day if desired, or further visit arranged



Screening Log

- Record all patients screened (recruited or not)
 - Screening ID: format SXXXXXX;
 - first 2 XX after S are for the site number (these will be allocated)
 - The last 2 XX are for the screening number within the site
 - should be allocated sequentially
 - Record the following information:
 - Screening number
 - Date PIS provided
 - Screening date
 - Recruitment date (if applicable) and patient ID number
 - Reason (s) for non -recruitment

Belfast He	alth & Social Care Tru	ıst				Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit (NICTU)
Principal	Investigator (PI):			Site N	ame:	Site No:
Screening Number	Date Patient Information Sheet Provided	Screening Date	Recruited?	Date Recruited	Patient Number (If Recruited)	Reason(s) for Non-Recruitment (see overleaf)
	DD MM YY	DD MM YY	□ Yes	DD MM YY		1
	DD MM YY	DD MM YY	□ Yes □ No	DD MM YY		
	DD MM YY	DD MM YY	☐ Yes ☐ No	DD MM YY		

PI or designee required to submit screening logs to the NICTU monthly





Informed Consent



- The PI (or designee) taking informed consent must be GCP trained, suitably qualified and experienced and have been delegated this duty by the PI on the EMERALD delegation log.
- The participant's medical notes will be annotated by PI to confirm that participant has provided written informed consent and have been recruited onto the EMERALD study.
- The PI (or designee) is responsible for ensuring all participants are given a participant information sheet, and given adequate time to review and ask questions.
- Original Informed consent form (ICF):
 - One to be given to Patient
 - One to be retained in the Investigator Site File
- Copy of ICF:
 - One to be filed in patient's medical notes
- There are two consent forms for this study: the study consent form and the focus group discussions consent form.
- (There is a separate consent from for Healthcare professionals who agree to take part in focus group discussions)
- Consent forms and Patient Information leaflets will be emailed to each site. They must be
 populated with local trust headers and printed at site.

k<LOCAL TRUST HEADER TO BE INSERTED HERE>>

Study Title: "Effectiveness of Multimodal imaging for the Evaluation of Retinal Oedema And new vessels in Diabetic Retinopathy (EMERALD)"

PATIENT CONSENT FORM

Pa	tient's name:	Please initial each box
1.	I confirm that I have read, or had read to me, and understar the Patient Information Sheetfor the above study have had the opportunity to ask questions and these have been fully answered.	
2.	I confirm that I have had sufficient time to consider whether not to participate in the study	or
3.	I understand that my participation is voluntary and I am free withdraw at any time, without giving any reason and without my legal rights or medical care being affected.	
4.	I understand the study is being conducted by the Belfast Health and Social Care Trust in conjunction with researcher from Queen's University Belfast and that my personal information will be held securely on NHS/HSC Trust and Queens University Belfast premises and handled in accordance with the provisions of the Data Protection Act 1998.	s
Сор	ies: 1 original for patient. 1 original in Investigator Site File.1 copy on Patient's Medical i	Records
EME	ERALD Patient Consent Form Version 1.0 FINAL _31/05/2017 Page 1	of 2

5.	relevant sections in r authorised individual University Belfast wh	ta collected as part of t my medical records ma Is from NHS/HSC Trust nere it is relevant to my nission for these individuation.	y be looked at by and Queens taking part in this	
6.	study will be publish	information gathered ed. Confidentiality and I not be possible to ide	anonymity will be	
7.	without my name but Queen's University a	sed photographs of my t with a code) to be trai and to the EMERALD w r other studies as well a	nsferred to rebsite and used	
8.	can be collected and	raw from the study any d data already collected LD study and for other	from me can be	
9.	I agree to take part in	n the above study.		
	of Participant	Signature	Date	
	of Person Taking ent (please print)	Signature	Date	
Сор	ies: 1 original for patient. 1 orig	jinal in Investigator Site File.1 cop	oy on Patient's Medical Reco	ords
EME	ERALD Patient Consent Form	Version 1.0 FINAL _31/05/201	7	





k<LOCAL TRUST HEADER TO BE INSERTED HERE>>

Study Title: "Effectiveness of Multimodal imaging for the Evaluation of Retinal Oedema And new vessels in Diabetic Retinopathy (EMERALD)"

Focus Group Discussions

PATIENT CONSENT FORM – Focus Group Discussions

Patient's name:	
• • •	ease initial each box
 I confirm that I have read, or had read to me, and understand the Patient Information Sheetfor the above study. I have had the opportunity to ask questions and these have been fully answered. 	
I confirm that I have had sufficient time to consider whether or not to participate in focus group discussions.	
 I understand that my participation is voluntary and I am free to withdraw at any time, without giving any reason and without my legal rights or medical care being affected. 	
4. I understand the study is being conducted by the Belfast Health and Social Care Trust in conjunction with researchers from Queen's University Belfast and that my personal information will be held securely on NHS/HSC Trust and Queens University Belfast premises and handled in accordance with the provisions of the Data Protection Act 1998.	
Copies: 1 original for patient. 1 original in Investigator Site File.1 copy on Patient's Medical Reco	rds
EMERALD Patient Consent Form-Focus Group Discussions Version 1.0 FINAL 31/05/2017	
Page 1 of 2	

EME	ERALD Patient Consent Form-F	ocus Group Discussions Version 1.0 Fl	NAL 31/05/2017			
Сор	ies: 1 original for patient. 1 orig	inal in Investigator Site File.1 copy on Patie	ent's Medical Reco	ords		
	of Person Taking nt (please print)	Signature	Date			
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
lame olease	of Participant	Signature	Date			
9.	I agree to take part in EMERALD study.	n the focus group discussions	for the			
8.	 I agree that if I withdraw from the study any outstanding data can be collected and data already collected from me can be used for the EMERALD study and for other studies as well as for other purposes. 					
7.	during the focus gro	and opinions that I have expruped iscussions, to be audio-red for this study and for other stooses.	corded and			
6.	study will be publish	information gathered as a res ed. Confidentiality and anonyr I not be possible to identify mo	nity will be			
5.	relevant sections in authorised individual University Belfast wh	ta collected as part of this stud my medical records may be lo Is from NHS/HSC Trust and Q nere it is relevant to my taking nission for these individuals to nation.	oked at by ueens part in this			

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Confirmation of Eligibility: Patient Registration Form



- Principal Investigator (PI)/Delegated Ophthalmologist Responsibilities:
 - Establish if the patient is eligible based on the inclusion & exclusion criteria
 - If eligible, indicate 'yes' on the form
 - If not eligible, indicate 'no'
 - PI to print name and provide signature and date
- Patients screened and not recruited to the study should be documented on the screening log, including the reason for not being enrolled on the trial
- Eligibility must also be documented in patient medical notes e.g.
- "This subject meets all the inclusion criteria and none of the exclusion criteria and is therefore eligible for entry into the EMERALD trial. Eligibility confirmed by <medically qualified doctor confirming eligibility>, recorded in notes by <healthcare professional>, <date>"

Adverse Events



Adverse event (AE)

Defined as any untoward medical occurrence in a participant in a research study, including occurrences which are not necessarily caused by or related to the study.

Mild blurriness or visual disturbance immediately following imaging is not an AE and should not be reported

Serious adverse event (SAE) is defined as an untoward occurrence that:

- a) Results in death
- b) Is life-threatening
- c) Requires hospitalisation or prolongation of existing hospitalisation
- d) Results in persistent or significant disability or incapacity
- e) Consists of a congenital anomaly or birth defect; or
- f) Is otherwise considered medically significant by the investigator





EMERALD EMERALD

AEs (not related to underlying medical conditions)

Adverse events assessed for:

- Seriousness
- Expectedness
- Relatedness
- PI or designee will record all AEs that occur at the EMERALD study visit.
- Recorded in CRF and participant medical notes
- Completed AE CRF sent to NICTU
- All AEs assessed by the PI or designee as being related and unexpected will be followed up until resolved or considered stable
- CRF updated with the date and time of resolution.



Recording & Reporting: SAE



- Reported to the NICTU using the SAE form no later than 24 hours after becoming aware of the event
- Copy of completed SAE kept in patients' medical notes and a copy filed in section 13 of the ISF along with all related correspondence.
- SAEs should be sent to: clinicaltrials@nictu.hscni.net
- Follow up all SAEs to resolution and report date of resolution on SAE follow up form.



Recording & Reporting: SAE



Onward Reporting

- NICTU will inform Sponsor and REC and all study sites about any SAEs
- SAE will be reported to REC if the event was deemed:
 - A) Related it resulted from the administration of any research procedures, and
 - B) Unexpected that is, the type of event is not listed in the protocol as an expected occurrence.
 - Within 15 days of CI becoming aware of the SAE

Urgent Safety Measures

- PI/designee may take appropriate urgent safety measures to protect participants from any immediate hazards to their health or safety.
- Site should phone NICTU on 028 90635794 and send follow up email to clinicaltrials@nictu.hscni.net
- NICTU responsible for onward reporting to REC and Sponsor.



Protocol Deviations and Serious Breaches

EMERALD

Protocol compliance will be monitored by CTU who will undertake monitoring visits to ensure trial protocol is adhered to and that necessary paperwork is being completed appropriately.

What is a deviation?

- Defined as an incident which deviates from the normal expectation of a particular part of the trial process.
- Any deviations from the protocol will be fully documented on the protocol deviation form in the CRF.

What is a serious breach?

- Defined as a deviation from the trial protocol or GCP which is likely to effect to a significant degree:
 - (a) the safety or physical or mental integrity of the subjects of the trial; or
 - (b) the scientific value of the trial
- The PI or designee is responsible for ensuring that serious breaches are reported directly to the NICTU and sponsor within one working day of becoming aware of the breach.
- A 'notification of serious breach of trial protocol or GCP form' can be found in the ISF.
- Please refer to section 6.4 of the Investigator Site File for guideline



Investigator Site File: SOP TM02 Training



TM02 Investigator Site File (ISF) and Essential Documents

- Essential documents are those which individually and collectively permit evaluation
 of the trial conduct and the quality of the data produced.
- Compliance of the trial with GCP and regulatory requirements can also be assessed through review of the TMF & essential documents
- NICTU delegated management of the TMF for the EMERALD trial
- PI at site responsible for set up & maintenance of all essential documents in the ISF.
- PI is responsible for providing the NICTU personnel with any new or amended documents as the trial progresses and as requested throughout the trial, until closure.
- The PI may delegate this activity to member of the research team. Should be documented on the delegation log.



SOP TM02 Training



Establishing an ISF

- NICTU responsible for providing the PI with an ISF
- Must be retained in a secure location with restricted access.
- ISF contains an index at beginning of file, it is a guide
 - not all documents may be applicable, mark NA on index.
 - If document is applicable but filed elsewhere, file notes should be added to the applicable sections
- Will contain copies of the document version control logs which should list all approved versions of the protocol, PIS, ICF
- Remote SIV- the site will be asked to confirm that all essential documents and approvals are in place, then will be given confirmation to commence recruitment.



SOP TM02 Training

EMERALD

Maintaining the ISF

- PI or delegate is responsible for updating the ISF with any new documentation as trial progresses and applicable forms completed
 - Staff training documented on Study Training Log
 - Updates to Delegation Log notified to CTU and other departments
 - Previous versions of the protocol and other essential documents marked as superseded
- Ensure all filing is completed in a timely manner with documents filed chronologically within each section with the most recent at the front
- ISF made available for monitoring visits, audits or inspections by regulatory authoritieswill form the basis for inspection/audit



SOP TM02 Training



After completion of the Trial

- Once the trial is finished PI responsible for reviewing ISF to ensure all documents present.
- NICTU will complete a final close out review and issue relevant documentation.
- PI must archive the ISF, unless otherwise agreed with the NICTU.
- NICTU will issue each site with guidance on archiving, period of time as defined by sponsor.
- ISF can only be archived once all close out actions are completed.



Data Collection



- Sites will be provided with a CRF per patient to collect data required by the protocol
 - Patient CRF
 - Graders CRF Contains all grading forms
- Instructions on CRF completion found at start of document.
 - One copy patient medical notes
 - One copy kept at site
 - One copy sent to CTU
 - A tracking form must accompany the CRF as it is sent.



Data Collection

Belfact Health & Social Care Truct

EMERALD

NI Clinical Trials Unit (NICTU)





Protocol Number: 17020NL-AS

Effectiveness of Multimodal imaging for the Evaluation of Retinal oedema
And new vessels in Diabetic retinopathy (EMERALD)

PATIENT C	ASE REPORT FORM (CRF)						
Site Number:							
Participant Initials:							
Screening Number:	S						
Participant number:							
Please retain one copy of completed Case Report Forms (CRFs) on site, file one copy in the patient notes and return original copies by post to the NICTU at the following address:							
NICTU EMERALD STUDY 1 st Floor Elliott Dynes Bui The Royal Hospitals Grosvenor Road BELFAST, BT12 6BA	lding						

For any	adminis	trative qu	ueries pl	ease cor	ntact the	NICTU:
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Telephone: (028) 9063 5974

Email: EMERALD@nictu.hscni.net

Belfast Health & Social Care	EMERALD				NI C	NI Clinical Trials Unit (NICTU)			
Protocol Number:	Participant Initials	P	artic	ipant Nu	ımber	mber Site Nun			e Number
17020NL-AS									
MEDICAL HISTO Please put a tick in box		Pleas	se a	ınswer a	all questi	ons.			
Visit Date:	/ [M M]/ Y Y	Υ	Y						
DEMOGRAPHICS									
Patient Gender:					Female if the particip	oant do	esn't id	lentify as m	ale or
Patient Date of Birth:			D	D 1 N	1 M 1	ΥΥ	Y Y		
ETHNICITY									
Please state Patient's	White	_	_	Hispanic					
Race/ Ethnicity:	Black		_	Asian	· .				1
	Middle Eastern				ease speci	•	ow:		1
OPHTHALMIC HISTO	RY			1 22 22	1.77.77.77.7	,	-		
Please state the date that	the patient was first	RE MM/Y		/ Y Y Y	ſ	Date	Unknow	/n ⊔	
diagnosed with DMO:		N/A							
		_	E	IVI IVI	MMIYYYY		Date Unknown		/n □
Please state the date the	nationt was diagnosed		/A						
PDR:	datient was diagnosed	-	E	M M	Date Unknown			/n 🗆	
		-	/A						
		L		MM	/ Y Y Y Y Date Unknown □			/n □	
		N.	/A						
Previous DMO Treatme	nts:								
					I	RE			LE
Has the patient had previo DMO?	ous laser grid/focal lase	er trea	atme	nt for	Y 🗆	ΝD		Υ	N□
Has the patient ever had A	Anti-VEGF Treatments f	for DN	MO?		Y 🗆	ΝD		Υ□	N \square
Has the patient ever had i	ntraocular steroid treat	ment	for	DMO	Y 🗆	ΝD		Υ 🗆	N \square
Previous PDR Treatments	:								
					R	E		I	LE
Has the patient had previous	ous laser PRP treatmen	t for l	PDR	?	Υ□	ΝD		Υ□	N□
Has the patient ever had A	Has the patient ever had Anti-VEGF Treatments f				Υ□	ΝD		Y 🗆	N□
DETAILS OF PERSON COMPLE	TING FORM								
Print name:	Signature:				ate comple	ted:			
					D D /	м м	/	YYY	
Medical History Form Version	on 3.0 FINAL_ 07.12.2017							Page 1 of	1





CRF Submission Schedule



 The CRF should be completed and submitted to the CTU in accordance with the submission schedule

 A tracking form must accompany the CRF as it is sent. The Case Report Form (CRF) for the EMERALD trial should be completed and submitted to the Clinical Trials Unit (CTU) in accordance with the submission schedule below:

Form / Visit	To be submitted
CRF	Within 2 weeks after visit date
Off Study	As soon as possible after event
Protocol Deviation	As soon as possible after event
Withdrawal of consent	As soon as possible after event
AEs	As soon as possible after event
SAEs	SAE forms should be submitted by email (clinicaltrials@nictu.hscni.net) within 24 hours of becoming aware of the event. Original copies should be submitted as soon as possible thereafter.
Questionnaires	Within 1 week after visit date
Sign-off	On completion of final visit

NOTE:

The CRF should be submitted to the CTU: Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit 1st Floor Elliott Dynes Building Royal Victoria Hospital Grosvenor Road Belfast, BT12 6BA

Monitoring



- To ensure:
 - the rights, safety and well being of the trial participants are protected
 - the reported trial data are accurate, complete and verifiable from source documents
 - the trial is in compliance with the approved protocol, GCP and applicable regulatory requirements
- First interim visit will occur no later than 6 months from the recruitment of the first patient
- Annual visits thereafter until study close out
- A close-out visit will be arranged at each site once the final patient recruited at the site has completed all follow-up



Monitoring



- Visits will involve:
 - Review of compliance to protocol and trial specific guidelines
 - Review of the Investigator Site File
 - Review consent forms & eligibility checklists
 - Review of AE/SAEs
- The CRF is the source data; please have this available
- Please ensure a member of the team is available to deal with queries
- Investigator available at the end of the visit for a feedback meeting



Archiving



- The PI is responsible for archiving essential documents at the study site.
- Unless otherwise directed ensure that all study records are archived appropriately on conclusion of the study and retained for 5 years. Patient medical files should be retained for 15 years.



Delegation log



- All members of staff working on the EMERALD trial must be trained on the protocol and signed onto the delegation log before completing any research tasks
- Activities can be delegated by the PI to appropriately trained members of the team but the PI must have oversight
- Only people who will be actively involved in the EMERALD trial are to sign delegation log (staff changes to be notified to NICTU)
- PI must be listed first on the delegation log
- Must have been trained in a task prior to being delegated that task on the delegation log



Delegation Log

EMERALD

Delegation Log NICTU

	PROTOCOL ACRO	ONYM:			PR	INCIPAL INVESTI	IGATOR (PI):			
	PROTOCOL NO:				SIT	E:				
+	Name(Print)	Initials	Job Title	Delegated Tasks ¹		earch Personnel o & Date)	Start Date	Investigator (Sign & Date)	End Date	Investigator (Sign & Date)
٠	ProtocolTraini Obtain Informe	ing ed Consent		IMP Accountability IMP Prescribing		15. CRF/eCRF C 16. CRF/eCRF S	ompletion ignature		21. Other:	
	 Screening/Inc Confirmation o 	lusion/Exclu f Eligibility	sion Criteria andomisation of Patients	10. IMP Dispensing 11. IMP Administration	ICAE	 Maintaining Ir Data Query C 	Maintaining Investigator Site File (ISF) Data Query Completion		22. Other:	
	Physical ExamSample Handli	inations/Clir ing	ical Evaluations	 Recordingand Reporting AE/ Unblinding Source Document Entry 	ISAE	19. Archiving				
	(includes obtainin	g and proces	ssing)	(i.e. medical notes)						

- The CI may also be the PI for single site studies
- A copy of the Delegation Log should be sent to the Clinical Trials Unit and other departments within the participating site (e.g. Pharmacy), as any updates to staff and tasks delegated occur.

Doc No: TM02-RD05 Delegation Log_v1.0 Final_14/11//2016

² This signature indicates that the individual confirms that he/she has been adequately trained in the task and feels confident to take on the responsibility.

Delegation Log

EXAMPLE DOCUMENT

NICTU

PROTOCOL ACRONYM:	EMERALD	PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR (PI):	A-BLACK.	
PROTOCOL NO:	17020NL-AS	SITE:	BELF AST.	

Name(Print)	Initials	Job Title	Delegated Tasks ¹	Research Personnel (Sign & Date)	Start Date	Investigator (Sign & Date)	End Date	Investigator (Sign & Date)
A Black	A. B.	PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	1.2,3,4,5,6,12,14.	A-Black.	25/08/17	A. Black.		
B. WHITE	8-W	PHOTOGRAPHER	6. [15-17]	B. white	25/08/17	A. Black.		
C. BLUE	C-8.	GRADER	15, 16, 18	C-Blue	25/09/17	A. Black.		
D. PINK	D-P.	GRADER]	D. Pirk	25/08/17	A. Black.		
E. RED	E.R.	As ABOVE	AS ABOVE	E. Red.	1x 1x .x	11 (1		
		7					NO	T ACCEPT ABLE
		ACCEP-	ABLE	NO ENTAR	=			
		d		NOT ACCEPTABL				

1 1	Prot	neal	Train	nonic

- 2. Obtain Informed Consent
- 3. Screening/Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria
- 4. Confirmation of Eligibility
- 5. Recruitment/Registration/Randomisation of Patients
- 6. Physical Examinations/Clinical Evaluations
- Sample Handling (includes obtaining and processing)

- 8. IMP Accountability
- IMP Prescribing
- IMP Dispensing
- 11. IMP Administration
- 12. Recording and Reporting AE/SAE
- 13. Unblinding
- 14. Source Document Entry
- (i.e. medical notes)

- 15. CRF/eCRF Completion
- 16. CRF/eCRF Signature
- 17. Maintaining Investigator Site File (ISF)
- 18. Data Query Completion
- 19. Archiving

2	0. C	ther								
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12				6.0	200			 	1	2

22. Other:	
23. Other:	
23. Olliel.	

- The CI may also be the PI for single site studies
- A copy of the Delegation Log should be sent to the Clinical Trials Unit and other departments within the participating site (e.g. Pharmacy), as any updates to staff and tasks delegated occur.

² This signature indicates that the individual confirms that he/she has been adequately trained in the task and feels confident to take on the responsibility.

Training Log



- All members of staff working on the EMERALD trial must be trained on the protocol and document this on a study training log.
- All other relevant training e.g.— Grading images, imaging protocols, uploading images to CARF must also be documented on training log for each staff member.
- Staff members previously documented as having received training on the protocol, guidelines and SOPs can provide training to new members of staff.

			Study Training Log
	PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	R (PI):	
	SITE:		
Signature of Trial Personnel	Nature of Training (specify any trial documents including version number)	Name of Trainer ¹	Signature of Trainer ²
		PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	



Trial Supplies



• Before recruitment begins at your site, you will be provided with:

- Investigator Site File (ISF)
- Case Report Form (CRF) folders
- Trial Manual
- Electronic copies of CF, PIS, invitation letter





Trial Team



Chief Investigator Professor Noemi Lois



Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit (NICTU)

Trial Manager Mrs Christine McNally
Trial Co-Ordinator Miss Rachael Rice
Trial Administrator Mrs Laurie Martin/Mrs Nuala
Hannaway
Data Manager Mr Andrew Jackson
Research Monitor Catherine Campbell
CTU Manager Ms Lynn Murphy

Health Economists
Professor Norman Waugh, University of Warwick
Dr Hema Mistry, University of Warwick

Satisticians Professor Jonathan Cook, Oxford University William Sones, Oxford University

- Focus Groups Qualitative Assessment Professor Lindsay Prior, QUB
- Training and development of photographers and graders Steve Aldington, Gloucester Hospital



EMERALDContact Details



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Clinical Trial Manager: Mrs Christine McNally

Clinical Trial Co-ordinator: Rachael Rice

Chief Investigator:

Professor Noemi Lois n.lois@qub.ac.uk T: +44 (0) 28 90976462





Any Questions?